

Contents

List of Abbreviations	xv
List of Symbols	xix
Preface	xxi
1 Introduction	1
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Motivation	3
1.3 Computational aspects of data-driven techniques	5
1.3.1 Machine Learning (ML) in short-term energy forecasting	5
1.3.2 Deep Learning (DL) in short-term energy forecasting	5
1.3.3 AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA)	6
1.3.4 Linear Regression (LR)	7
1.3.5 Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM)	8
1.3.6 Gated Recurring Units (GRU)	9
1.3.7 Bidirectional Encoding Representations from Transformers (BERT)	10
1.4 Objectives	10
1.5 Contributions	11
1.6 Thesis Organization	13
2 Literature Review	17
2.1 Short-term energy forecasting	18
2.2 Occupancy-based energy prediction	20
2.3 Energy prediction based on extreme weather events	25
2.4 Heat energy prediction	28
2.5 State_of_the_art	32
2.6 Research Gap	33

3	Short-Term Energy Forecasting in Smart Buildings	37
3.1	Introduction	37
3.2	Proposed Methodology	39
3.3	Experimental Setup	43
3.3.1	Dataset Description	45
3.3.2	Data Prepossessing	46
3.3.3	Performance Metrics	47
3.3.4	Comparing with other machine learning techniques	48
3.4	Results and Discussion	49
3.5	Conclusion	55
4	Energy Prediction Mechanism with Occupant Count Using CNN-BiLSTM Hybrid Model for Smart Buildings	57
4.1	Introduction	58
4.2	Application Scenario	60
4.3	Problem Formulation and Proposed Work	61
4.3.1	Problem Formulation	61
4.3.2	Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)	63
4.3.3	Bidirectional Long Short-Term Memory Network (BiLSTM)	64
4.3.4	The Proposed CNN-BiLSTM Network	66
4.4	Experimental Setup	69
4.4.1	Dataset Description	69
4.4.2	Deep Learning Training	72
4.5	Result and Discussion	73
4.5.1	Evaluation Metrics	73
4.5.2	Basic Results	75
4.5.3	Performance comparison	76
4.5.4	Month-wise training and testing	79
4.5.5	Comparsion with existing works	81
4.6	Conclusion	82
5	Occupancy-based Short-Term Energy Prediction using VMD-LSTM Hybrid Model	85
5.1	Introduction	85
5.2	Proposed Work	87
5.3	Experimental Setup	91
5.3.1	Dataset Description	91

5.3.2	Data Prepossessing	93
5.3.3	Analysis Performance Indicator	94
5.3.4	Models Comparision	95
5.4	Results and Discussions	97
5.4.1	Experimental Analysis	98
5.4.2	Forecasting Analysis	105
5.4.3	Comparison with existing works	105
5.5	Conclusion and Future work	106
6	Energy Prediction Using Extreme Weather Conditions for Smart Buildings	109
6.1	Introduction	110
6.2	Application Scenario	112
6.3	Problem Formulation and Proposed Work	113
6.3.1	Problem Formulation	113
6.3.2	BERT Architecture	118
6.3.3	Data Input and Tokenization	120
6.3.4	Training and Fine-Tuning	121
6.3.5	Loss Function	122
6.4	Experimental Setup	123
6.4.1	Dataset description	123
6.4.2	Deep Learning Training	124
6.5	Results and Discussions	125
6.5.1	Evaluation Metrics	125
6.5.2	Basic Results	126
6.5.3	Performance comparison	127
6.5.4	Univariate and Multivariate comparison	131
6.5.5	Comparision with Existing works	132
6.6	Conclusion and Future work	133
7	Intelligent Modeling and Prediction of Heat Energy Consumption for Smart Buildings	135
7.1	Introduction	136
7.1.1	Motivation and Contributions	138
7.2	Data Collection and Data Preprocessing	139
7.2.1	Data Collection	139
7.2.2	Data Preprocessing	143

7.3	Proposed Methodology	143
7.4	Experimental Setup	149
7.4.1	Evaluation Criteria	149
7.5	Results and Discussion	154
7.5.1	Comparison with Existing works	156
7.6	Conclusion and Future Work	156
8	Conclusion and Future Directions	159
8.1	Conclusion	159
8.2	Future Directions	163
	List of Publications	165
	Bibliography	167